The New York Store

(ESTABLISHED 1853.)

To-Day

OUR GREAT SALE OF

## Linens and Cottons

BEGINS.

Housekeepers? Hotel Keepers Everybody .

Better come down to-day! Last evening's News will give you all the particulars.

#### Pettis Dry Goods Co

) mannesses mann

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Willard S. Wickard, who has been seriously ill, is recovering. Miss Katherine Armstrong weht to Terre Haute yesterday to make a visit. Mr. and Mrs. James W. Morris gave a dinner party yesterday to a few friends. Mrs. Henry Houghton, of Defiance, O., will come soon to visit Mrs. James W. Morris. Mr. Russell R. Buchanan has gone to St. Louis, where he has gone into business. Thompson Starr, of Lima Military School, is visiting Stewart Kurtz, on College ave-

Mrs. James Williamson, of Crawfordsville, Ind., is visiting her sister, Mrs. John W.

The D. O. F. Club gave a reception and bail at the residence of W. H. Siddall last Miss Stella Reuben, 61 Hoyt avenue, en-tertained a number of friends yesterday

Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Hunter and daughter will leave to-day for Chicago to reside

Miss Laura A. Smith, who spent the month of December in Florida, will return Miss Louella McLain has invited friends

for a dance to-morrow evening at her home on North Alabama street. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. McLean went to Anderson yesterlay to spend the day don; Lieutenant Governor W. J. Worthing-with Mr. and Mrs. Doxey. Miss Edna Swain is visiting friends at Lafayette, and last night attended the ball

given by the Lincoln Club. Miss Mary Fletcher, who has been the guest of Miss Mary Hill, at St. Louis, for a short time, has returned home Miss Daisy Dugdale will entertain a number of friends at luncheon Saturday at her come, on North Meridian street.

Miss Juliet Kumler, of Evansville, is the quest for a few days of Mrs. William J Brown, on North Delaware street. Miss Anna Farquhar, who has been spending a fortnight with her mother. Mrs. F. M. Farquhar, and family, has returned to Bos-

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Griffiths went to Lafayette yesterday to visit relatives and attend the Lincoln Club party given there last night.

Mrs. J. R. Carnahan and daughter, Mrs. M. Steele Bright, of Superior, Wis., will receive informally this afternoon at their home, in Woodruff Place. There are no in-Mrs. Nona Brooks Smith, of Plymouth

will come to-day to visit Mrs. R. B. F

Peirce, Mrs. Sharp, of Louisville, will come next week to spend the remainder of the wlater with Mrs. Peirce. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lemcke gave a small and informal dinner yesterday in observance of the wedding anniversary. Sunday Mrs. Lemcke will entertain the classmates of her son Ralph at the school at Delafield,

Mrs. W. A. Ketcham gave a surprise dinner last evening at her country home, Robinwood, for her daughter, Miss Flora Ketcham. About eighteen young people sat down to dinner at 6 o'clock, and then spent the latter part of the evening with dancing and

Dr. G. A. Brady, of Chicago, and Mic Mary Brown were married yesterday at the bride's home, on North New Jersey street, by Rev. Mr. Rondthaler. The groom will make his home in the South, going directly from here with his bride to Tampa, Fla. The Christian Endeavor Society, of the Tabernacle Church, of which the bride has been an active member, remembered her with beautiful flowers.

Miss Charlotte Ritchey Meredith, daughter of Capt. William M. Meredith, and granddaughter of Mr. Samuel Meredith, of this city, was married Monday evening at her home, in Austin, Ill., to Mr. Charles Burras, of Chicago. The wedding was at the First Methodist Church, and the ceremony was followed by a large reception at the family residence. After a trip Mr. and Mrs. Burras will be at home at No. 1854 West Ohio street, Chicago.

Mrs. George C. Hitt gave a dance last evening at the Propylaeum for her son, Parker Hitt, who is at home from Purdue for the vacation, and Miss Mary Smart, of Lafayette, who is their guest. About one hundred young people were entertained. The east parlor of the building was decorated with wild smilax, with Bermuda lilies on the mantel. On the wall was a banner of black, with Purdue in gold, and at either side were banners of black and gold, the Purdue colors. Supper was served all the evening in the adjoining room in buffet fashion from a table which was lighted with yellow candles and strewn with fern with yellow candles and strewn with Iern leaves. The wide vestibule was arranged as a rest place and promenade. The out-of-town guests were Miss Laura Hayward, of Pana, Ill.; Miss Thompson, of Liberty: Miss Gallup, of Chicago; Mr. Herbert Taylor, of Milwaukee; Mr. Macy Goode, of Chicago, and Mr. Thompson Starr, of Lima, O.

HAWKINS GOLDEN WEDDING. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VALPARAISO, Ind., Jan. 1 .- To-night Mr. and Mrs. James B. Hawkins, of this city, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. Two hundred relatives and friends from this and other cities joined with them in appropriately observing the occasion. Mr. Hawkins was born in Springfield, Mass., Feb. 26, 1822, and married Paulina P. Carr. who is six years his junior, in Wayne county, Pennsylvania, Jan. 1, 1846. They came West in 1849, and Mr. Hawkins has been identified with the business and political interests of this city ever since. He was one of the township trustees under the old law, and was elected the first trustee under the present law. He was elected the first city treasurer of Valparaiso on the Republican ticket, and for a number of years was a member of the City Council. He entered the hardware business in 1862, retiring in 1885, and at present is in the insurance business. Four daughters were born to them, all of whom married prominent business men and reside in this city.

O'NEAL-HUBER. Special to the Indianapolis Journal, RICHMOND, Ind., Jan. 1.-This evening at 8 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Sudhoff, took place the marriage of Miss Tillie Huber and Mr. Everett E. O'Neal, of West Florence, O. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. Beck in the

trip to Cincinnati Mr. and Mrs. O'Neal will go to West Florence to reside.

BROOKBANK-JACOBS. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Jan. 1.-The marriage of Marcus Brookbank, a wealthy manufacturer, and Miss Fannie Jacobs, took place this afternoon. The ceremony was solemnized by Rev. Charles Tinsley, of the Wall-street Methodist Church.

JOHNSON-ALVEY. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELWOOD, Ind., Jan. 1.-This morning Rev. Philip Jameson united in marriage Miss Dourey Alvey and Mr. Harry Johnson. Only a few intimate friends were present. They will reside in this city.

A SLEIGHING ACCIDENT.

Mrs. C. H. Powell in a Critical Condition as a Result.

C. H. Powell, a real estate agent, residthe crowd of men driving fast horses and cutters on Meridian street yesterday. His wife rode at a slower pace in another cutsome unaccountable way he drove his horse in the back, either by the end of his shaft her driven to the City Dispensary, where Dr. C. F. Becker made a hasty examination. He found Mrs. Powell suffering intensely and expressed the opinion she had been injured internally. She was conveyed to her home, where Dr. George W. Combs made a careful examination. He found no evidence of fractured bones, but from the diagnosis made decided her lungs had been injured by the force of the fall Internal injured by the force of the fall. Internal hemorrhage had begun, and Mrs. Powell was thought to be in a very critical condi-

Nothing could be learned as to the identity of the man driving the cutter that collided with Mrs. Powell. A number of persons witnessed the accident, but no one seems to have known the driver. It was reported yesterday afternoon that another woman had been injured on Meridian street, the story going she had been run down and trampled on by horses, but it could not be verified.

GOV. BRADLEY IS KENTUCKY'S CAN-DIDATE FOR PRESIDENT.

He Will, It Is Said, Have the Support of the Republican Delegation from the Bluegrass State.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 1 .- A special to the Evening Post from Frankfort, Ky., says: A convention of leading Republicans was held in the office of Governor Bradley last night, and the "Bradley boom" for President was started. This was the theme, "happy new years" and wishes for his "happy new years" and wishes for his a number of valuable clews to the couple's political preferment in the year 1896. Hearty congratulations and best wishes were expaper clipping, a bunch of blank bank congratulations and best wishes were extended to the Governor as a Republican candidate for President of the United States by forty prominent Republicans from every congressional district in Kentucky, who called by agreement on that official last night. Among those present at the meeting, besides Governor Bradley and some twenty other gentlemen whose names are Wood, Mount Sterling; J. W. Langiey, Preston; Benjamin Letcher, Henderson; W. S. Taylor, Morgantown; E. J. Sebree, Henderson; Charles Blanford, Breckinridge county; Edward Farley, Paducah; J. H. Happy, Mayfield; E. T. Franks, Owensboro; G. M. Brooks, Carlisle; Judge George Du Relle. When some of his friends urged him to go into the senatorial race the Governor repeated with vehemence that he was not in the race, and would not be. This will doubtless be good news to the various senatorial candidates, Messrs. Hunter, Wilson, Holt, Deboe and others. They will now be left to fight it out among themselves. The real object of the meeting of the Reublicans with Governor Bradley, it is known, was in regard to that gentleman's candidacy for the presidency. It can be stated here with entire accuracy that before the new year was an hour old every person present had pledged himself to do all he could to elect a Bradley delegation from Kentucky to the national Republican convention at St. Louis and to work in every way possible to secure his nomination. It was argued that a man who has no ene-mies, as have Reed, McKinley, Allison or Morton, certainly is in a better position to gain the nomination than either of the gentlemen named. Further than this, Bradley is a sound money man, who won his fight on a sound-money platform. No other Governor elected in the year just past can say the same, and, besides, Governor Brad-ley even went beyond his party's platform and made a winning fight; that Bradley is a man who is in every way qualified to fill the office was the belief of every Repub-

and no thought will be given to the consideration of him for the vice presidency. No The result of the performance of last the stories concerning Governor Bradley's candidacy for the senatorship are set at He is not a senatorial candidate, but has his eye on bigger game. Governor Bradley's name will go before the national Republican convention this year as a canditate for President. He will have a solid delegation from Kentucky, as well as dele-gations from a number of other Southern States. Governor Bradley's name will not be considered as a vice presidential candidate under any circumstances. Rather than accept this he would prefer remaining Gov-ernor of the State of Kentucky. It is the opinion of many Republicans that Bradley not only has a good chance to be the next President, but that, with the bickerings sure to occur among the other presidential candidates he will be turned to in spite of the fact that he is south of the Ohio river, nominated and elected.

lican present at the meeting last night.

Republican National Convention. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 1 .- Hon. Joseph H. Manley, secretary of the Republican national committee, will meet in this city Jan. 19 with the subcommittee to make arrangements for the convention. Mr. Manley is chairman of the subcommittee on convention arrangements, the other members being Congressman Campbell, of Chicago; Hon. J. S. Clarkson, of Iowa; Gen. Powell Clayton, of Arkansas, and Mr. R. C. Kerens, of St. Louis.

Morton Has Consented. NEW YORK, Jan. 1 .- Ex-Senator Warner Miller said to-night that Governor Morton has authorized his friends to state that he had consented to become a candidate for President of the United States. Chauncey M. Depew would not discuss the subject to-night, but announced that he would give out a statement to-morrow concerning the

A Bay City Man Missing.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan, 1.—The friends of Alexander Knopfel, of Bay City, Mich., have given him up as lost. He had been spending the past month in Florida for his health. One week ago last Monday he topped here on his return. His wife missed him on Christmas evening and gave notice to the Burnet House people and the police that night, since which time the police and others have been constantly in search. Chief of Police Murphy, of Bay City, has been here the past week working with local officers, but no clew to his whereabouts can be had after he was seen walking out of the Burnet House at 11 o'clock, on Christmas evening. He is a prominent merchant, thirty-second degree Mason and has hosts of friends hunting

Handicap Pigeon Shoot. BABYLON, N. Y., Jan. 1.-The big handicap pigeon shoot of the Westminster Ken-nel Club took place here to-day. A great crowd of club men and others witnessed the well-known pigeon shots, and, although in favorable as might be desired, the sport was good. Walter M. Watrous was first, was performed by the Rev. J. Beck in the 28 yards; B. R. Kitridge second, 28 yards, presence of about forty guests. After a and W. S. Edey third, 29 yards.

### HE HAS A BAD RECORD

HARDIN, THE EXPRESS ROBBER.

Incriminating Letters Found in His Wife's Trunk-Interesting History of "Dick Wilson."

"Dick" Wilson, the man who robbed a Massachusetts-avenue jeweler of a tray of diamonds, is believed to be no less a personage that the alleged express robber, Hardin. Hardin was employed over two years ago as a messenger by the Adams Express Company on the Cincinnati and Nashville run. A thirty-five-thousand-dollar package of money was consigned by a New ing at No. 35 Central avenue, was among York bank to a concern in Nashville. The money was delivered to the Wells-Fargo Express Company in New York and carried by that company to Cincinnati, where it was ter, driven by a colored man. About 4 turned over to the Adams Express Como'clock she had her driver draw up to the pany. After the package was delivered at curb near Vermont street. An unknown Nashville it was found to contain only a lot man drove up rapidly behind them. In of brown paper. About the time of the discovery of the robbery Hardin disappeared. so near Mrs. Powell's cutter she was struck It was proven to the satisfaction of the company that the package was opened while or by the horse's shoulder. She was pitched in his custody, and detectives were put on violently forward against the dash-board. his track. John J. Henderson, agent of the Her husband drove up about this time and | Adams Express Company at this point, said saw his wife was seriously hurt. He had last night after Hardin was arrested he found he had had seals made in New York similar to those used by the company, and he always believed Hardin opened the package, extracted the money and substituted the brown paper while it was in his charge, afterwards resealing it with the false seals. The case was tried, but Hardin was acquitted, Mr. Henderson says, on technical Last night Mr. Henderson had not seen

> the man in custody, but gave a description of Hardin that tallies with that of Wilson in almost every particular. He said Hardin was a young man, probably thirty years of age, wearing a sandy mustache and having light eyebrows -- characteristics that are seen in Wilson. He saw Hardin frequently, and says he will be able to tell whether the prisoner is the man. Shortly after Hardin was acquitted he brought a twenty-fivethousand-dollar suit for damages against the Adams Express Company, but failed to press it to final conclusion, and again dis-appeared. The last Mr. Henderson heard of the man was about a year ago, when he was in this city. Pinkerton detectives followed him here, and left a good picture of the man with Mr. Henderson, which he still has in his possession. At the time Hardin was here a year ago he was accompanied by a woman, thought to be the same as the one arrested shortly after the The police have discovered some strong

circumstantial evidence, tending to prove the man calling himself Wilson is Hardin. Shortly after his arrest Hardin begged to be allowed to visit his wife. What Superintendent Colbert was anxious to do of all things was to get the woman located, but he concealed that fact from Wilson and at first appeared reluctant to allow him to be taken to the house. He was taken to see her, and, after a very melodramatic bit of acting on her part, the woman was placed under arrest and her apartments searched. and the toasts to the Governor were full of | The woman's trunk was taken to the station house, where it was found to contain checks, which Wilson had p.cked up over the country were found together with several photographs. The clipping seems to have been taken from the Louisville Courier-Journal of April 29, 1895. It contains a reprint from a St. Louis paper, giving an account of the robbery committed by Hardin, with some errors as to names and places. The story as told was given by attorney of St. Louis. He recounted the not known, were the following: Judge A. history of the robbery, telling a story that H. Anderson, Hopkinsville; Maj. A. T. varies but little from that told by Mr. Henhis personal experiences with Hartonsburg; J. B. Marcum, Jackson; Gen. J. din. He said before the robbery E. H. Hobson, Greensburg; Ed Parker, Lon- occurred. Hardin had been engaged with a man by the name of Eirod in conducting a photograph gallery Elrod had bought of Mr. Fox, father of Della Fox, the actress. Elrod went to Louisville and left the place in charge of Hardin, Attorney Johnson said he had bought the property for Elrod. paying \$2,500. The place was insured for \$4,600. During Elrod's absence in Louisville the gallery caught fire one day. The in-surance adjuster openly charged Hardin with having fired the place. A compromise was finally effected. After that Hardin went to Louisville, and subsequently to Kansas City. In Kansas City he was arrested on the complaint of his wife, whom, it seems, he nearly beat to death because she told detectives he was guilty of the express robbery, a story which she after-ward denied on the witness stand, From what can be learned, the couple were reconciled after he was acquitted of the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill, the woman going either to St. Louis or Chicago, while he traveled through different States.

> In a letter to her from Memphis, Tenn. not dated, he refers to back rent due their landlord for the flat she was occupying at the time. In it he said, "Tell him I vill pay him not only the back rent, but four months more. The matter of the notes is in good shape, and I will be with you soon.' In a postscript he adds he will send her \$100 by telegraph as soon as he gets the money. In a letter evidently written to her at Kansas City after the trouble last soring, he expresses his great love for her and implores her to return to him. He acknowledges he has done wrong and lied to her. A letter addressed to Room 25, 97 Randolph street, Chicago, Ill., was among those found in her trunk. It was dated at Lafayette, and purports to be an application for the agency of a gas burner said to be a "good thing." No firm and he took this means of informing her of his whereabouts. Several letters recoman honest and industrious young man, written on the bill heads and signed by prominent business men of Alexandria, Frankfort, Anderson, Kansas City and other places were found in the woman's trunk. The letters, in most cases, are dated December, 1895, showing the man has been traveling through this State for the past Superintendent Colbert has addressed communications to every person likely to be able to throw any light on the subject and expects answers soon. The couple evidently have at least two children, a boy and a girl, the youngest eight months old. A picture taken at Fort Smith, Ark., is of two children. On the back of the card the girl's name is stated as being Irwana Lillian and the boy's as Ralph Rockman. Mr. Colbert thinks it probable the children have been left by the couple in the care of different families at that

Yesterday Wilson admitted his name was Adams. He insisted the woman arrested was his wife, and accounted for the difference in their names by saying he gave a fictitious name when arrested. He denied having been in the towns of Anderson, Alexandria and other places in this State, but said he had been at Frankfort. He had never heard of Elrod, and had never engaged in the photographing business. He said he had never been in a photograph gallery until he went to have his picture taken yesterday. He knew nothing whatever of such a person as Hardin, he said, and had not been in Kansas City for six or seven years. When asked how long he had been in this city, he refused to re-ply. As to whether he had been in Chicago lately, he answered rather vaguely, but finally admitted he came through here from the East, he said. When pressed closely for details, he said he had nothing to say and would tell nothing of his personal affairs until he employed a lawyer, when, he said, he might have an interesting story to tell. When asked if the two children in Arkansas were his, he seemed rather startled, but would answer neither yes nor no. Through all the affair, the man has shown his deep infatuation for the woman and his letters to her are full of the most endearing tones. He was not aware of her arrrest and was considerably effected when it was suggested to him he had been indirectly responsible for it in piloting the officers to their apartment, What did they arrest her for?" said he: "she had nothing to do with anything I did-I may have done." In answer to a question, he said she was with him at the store on Massachusetts avenue, but did not know what his intentions were. Mrs. Adams, as she calls herself, is apparently the shrewder of the two. She refused to answer any questions. After they were taken to the jail she begged Sheriff Womack to allow her to have an interview with her husband, but her request was not granted. Last night Mr. Henderson wrote officials

of the Adams Express Company in Cincin-nati and Chicago, and expects answers from them to-day. He says it is his impression that Hardin is wanted by his company to answer the old charge on new evidence, or The police are confident Wilson, or Adams.

# OUR GREAT JANUARY SALE

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Commences To-day, Thursday, January

Our buyers have been busy selecting this immense stock since last May and not a worthy article has been skipped. Buying them as we did, in such vast quanti= ties and having them made in the dullest part of the manufacturer's season, we were enabled to command every economy that can possibly be put into such work. So here they are, thousands of Muslin and Cambric Undergarments, many of which in this way come to you

## At Half What You'd Ordinarily Pay

Included are exquisite styles of Muslin, Cambric, Nainsook and Lawn Gowns, Chemise, Drawers, Corset Covers and Skirts, a much finer assortment than we have ever shown, at prices less than usually asked for the common kinds.

Every garment, regardless of the small prices, is full size, perfectly finished in every way and made of best grades of cotton.

### For One Hour

2 to 3 P. M.

We will sell 200 Empire Gowns made of soft finish muslin, trimmed with new style open-work embroidery, regular price \$1.25 (two only to a customer), for

62c.

### For One Hour 9 to 10 A. M.

200 new style very wide Umbrella Skirts, trimmed with flounce of neat pattern of em-broidery, regular price \$1.35, one piece only to a customer, choice for

65c.

### For One Hour

10:30 to 11:30 A. M.

two only to a customer. Choice for 25c.

and front, low neck, perfect-fitting, embroid-ery-trimmed arm holes, made to sell for 50c; At 17 cts.

#### GOWNS Really some phenomenal values here.

At 35 ets. 400 Gowns, Hubbard style, with cambric ruf-fle around neck and cuffs, tucked yoke, double yoke back, large sleeves, always sold at 50c and 58c. Two only to a customer.

At 50 cts. Four styles of Muslin Gowns, some embroid ery trimmed, some tucked, some plain heavy muslin, Empire or Hubbard style, regularly sold at 65c and 75c. Three only to a customer.

:At 75 cts. Empire Gowns, open work, embroidery trim-med and Hubbard Gowns, with tucks and embro dery inserted yokes, ready sellers always at 18c and \$1.10. Three pieces only to a cus-

Twenty styles of fine Gowns, made of cambrid

and soft finish musiins, trimmed with Val. laces and new open work embroideries, worth everywhere \$1.25, \$1.50 and up to \$1.75. At 87 cts.

One lot of Cambric Empire Gowns, yoke of three insertings of embroidery and three in-sertings of wash lace, with wash lace edge around co lar and sleeves, flow cuffs, worth 3,000 GOWNS

At 75 cts. 98c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and up to \$3.75, usually sold at from \$1 up to \$5.

\$7, we offer them during this sale at-

A lot of about 5) fine Gowns, made for the fine trade of larger cities, worth up to \$6 and

\$3.50 and \$4.75 DRAWERS

1,000 good Muslin Drawers, yoke band, five tucks and 14-inch hem, cut full in the seat, legs 24 inches around at bottom a drawer that At 10 cts. never sold for less than 25c e en at special sale.

Three pairs only to a custom r.

### Good Muslin Drawers, with neat Hamburg edge, cluster of tucks, yoke band, worth 40c.

At 25 cts.

Muslin Drawers, yoke band, cut full and large, cambric ruffle, tucks, worth 40c.

At 50 cts. Cambric Drawers, with tuck and wide edge Val. lace, worth 75c.

At 58 cts. Twenty dozen new style Balloon Drawers,

ery, kind always sold at 55c. Three pairs only At 75 cts. 98c, \$1, \$1.23, \$1.50 and up to \$2.25, we show the completest assor: ment of all the newest things

shown by the best makers in America, all at

SKIRTS At 25 cts. Good Muslin, with deep hem and two clusters of wide tucks, worth 50c ever, where. Two

Forty dozen good Muslin Skirts, with 6-inch wide embroidery flounce, cluster of tucks, At 98 cts. New style Umbrella Skirts, wide flounce o

new emuroidery, good muslin, very wide, kind usually sold at \$1,45. 10 dozen Lawn Skirts, umbrella style, with thre insertings of Val. lace, a very dainty garment, worth everywhere \$3 to \$3.50. Two only to a

\$2.25, \$2.50 and up to \$10, our selection canno

CORSET COVERS Four styles of plain Muslin Covers, worth usuAt 50 cts. Embroidery-trimmed Chemise, the 75c kind

Embroidery-trimmed Cover, worth 20c

Plain tucked Cambric Covers, perfect fitting, long waisted, worth 25c.

Seven styles of Embroidery and Lace Trimmed Covers, high and low neck, 35c, 40c and 45c

About 200 Corset Covers, high and low neck trimmed back and front with embroidery and

laces, cannot be duplicated less than Toc, most

\$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 and up to \$2.75, the assortment shows all the newest styles and kinds. All at 25c to 75c less than ordinary prices.

Extra long Skirt Chemise, with embroidery-

trimmed yoke and skirt, worth always \$1.45.

CHEMISES

300 plain Muslin Chemises, the 25c kind,

At 12 cts.

At 18 cts.

At 25 cts.

At 50 cts.

At 19 cts.

Dainty Nainsook, Lawn and Cambric Chemises, trimmed with new laces and embroideries, and made up in the newest shapes, at \$1.25 to \$5. CHILDREN'S DRAWERS 200 pairs plain tucked Drawers, worth 121/c-three

pairs only to a customer-for 5e per pair. 12 styles of Children's Drawers, plain and embroid-ery trimmed, at 10c to 50c per pair: usual prices 15c to

Children's and Misses' Gowns Sizes 4 to 10, plain Muslin Gowns, cambric ruf-

fie, Hubbard style, usually sold at 50c. Sc. 75c, 87c and 98c, are some excellent values;

made of cambric and soft muslin.

# H. P. WASSON & CO

at several places. The detectives are much interested in the man, and his past history will be thoroughly looked up. Mr. Hollis, the Massachusetts-avenue jeweler, who was the victim of the robbery Tuesday night, yesterday succeeded in find ing three more of the diamond rings, making ten in all that have been recovered. Among those found yesterday in the snow on New York street was the most valuable of the lot. The fifteen still unfound were

amount to much.

less expensive rings, and their loss does not

A FRENCH SCANDAL. A Young Millionaire Suffers Neglect and Death Because of His Wealth.

London Letter. The death of Max Lebaudy by the French conscript system is one of the results the reign of scandal in France. It is an about this young man and his millions which he squandered so recklessly. He was a most eccentric spendthrift, and his eccentricity kept full pace with his love

for notoriety.

He inherited a fortune of nine million dollars two or three years ago, and in spending most of it his generosity has often came for him to render three years of mili-tary service, which the French laws exact, the Socialists and Radicals, who had been scandalized by his extravagances, were deburner said to be a "good thing." No firm is mentioned and it is hard to account for time he obtained leave of absence for a day, the letter being in the woman's possession. It would perhaps surprise some of them to unless it was written as a blind. It seems the letter being in the woman's possession. It would perhaps surprise some of them to lutionary Socialist and Radical newspaper. It would perhaps surprise some of them to lutionary Socialist and Radical newspaper. It would perhaps surprise some of them to lutionary Socialist and Radical newspaper. second place for him was the determination | is mentioned and it is hard to account for | time he obtained leave of absence for a day, favor, and when he first fell ill in the summer, the doctor who had given him a certificate of vacation to that effect was openly accused of having received a bribe of \$4,-The attacks were so persistent that the military authorities recalled the unfortunate young gentleman, who had been indeed, by officers of the army of the Unitgranted an unlimited furlough. Instead of ed States, in regard to the methods of de"Amusing stories are told in Europe ed States, in regard to the methods of derecovering he showed signs of consump-Any one else in his condition would have been sent home, but although twenty doctors declared he was unfit for service. the military authorities dared not release

> Madame Zeverin, a woman journalist, was particularly bitter in her persecution of the young man through the press. Some venal sheets of Paris did not neglect the opportunity to levy blackmail on the millionaire conscript, but he resisted their demands, and the attacks went on. He was sent from one military hospital to another, until it happened, as he wrote to a friend: "It is an absolute denial of justice that I have to suffer on account of my millions. I am more ill-treated than the lowest of peashave all admitted that I am sick; they have all declared that my remaining in the army means my death, and no one will give me a chance of life because my name is Lebaudy, and because they do not wish to attacked in certain papers. Let them finish the business; then if I am well let them send me to the barracks, and if I am sick let them release me from service, but they ought not to toss me from hospital to hos-I am here as a dying man, without any hope. It seems to me that I live in the midst of phantoms and spectres." Lebaudy was kept in the common ward among the sufferers from Madagascar fever until a few days of his death. He contracted this fever finally and died of it. It is said he left his entire fortune to his mistress, Mile. Marsy, one of the actresses of the Comedie Francaise.

The Holidays of 1896. Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. The year 1896 is a leap year. When the year is done there will be no other leap year until 1904. The dear girls should improve their privileges while 1896 lasts, for the interim of eight years is a long one. The addition of an extra day to February this year throws most of the holidays to the end of the week. In 1895, for instance, Independence day came on Thursday; in 1896 it comes on Saturday. Washington's birthday and Decoration day also come on Saturday in 1896, and Christmas comes on Friday. Thanksgiving day, being always appointed for the last Thursday of November, and Labor day coming on the first Mon-day of September, are not subject to the mutations which affect other holidays. Easter Sunday comes on April 5, nine days earlier than in 1895. This, of course, shortens the social season prior to the beginning

New Year's Resolves. New York Sun. This is the time of year when all married men should resolve to be contented, and all bachelors to be discontented.

When ordering Cocoa or Chocolates, be sure and ask for Huyler's. Purity and flavor

SERIES OF SUBMARINE MINES OF WHICH FEW OFFICIALS KNEW.

The European Policy of Secretiveness Adopted by Our War Department Regarding Modern Works.

Washington Correspondence Philadelphia

United States generally have the idea that the government of Great Britain knows a great deal more about the fortifications of shore stations by wires and are to be set the United States than the officers of the off by electricity. The officer at the shore United States know about the fortifications station, through his glass, notes the posicause it would be almost impossible to keep | not secure from invasion of a hostile power, general facts from leaking out, very little | there is at least one system of adequate is known by the government of Great Brit-ain or any other foreign government, or, confusion that might be taken advantage fending the principal seaport cities of our

eastern coast by means of submarine mines.

"Morever a great deal is known by this government about some of England's important fortifications. It course, contrary to the polof the United States to meddle in European affairs, and until comparatively recently it has been deemed inexpedient to make any secret investigation on a large scale in foreign countries. In Europe, where one nation is in danger of incursion from the adjoining nations at a declaration of war, which may come at any mo ment, it is necessary for them to be constantly on their guard, so that in the meet the enemy on even terms. From the days of the government such precautions on the part of the United States would be needless and would perhaps violate our GROWING MORE SECRETIVE.

"However, the War Department in the coming more secretive in its operations, and although the system of espionage exercised in Europe receives no encouragement in this country, investigations of a technical nature are being carried on all the time by officers specially detailed for the purpose, and the information in regard to the fortifications and the laying of subof newspaper men and the public at large. is withheld, for the reason that the effi-ciency of the fortifications would be impaired should everything be known in regard to the guns, emplacements, armor, etc. Were the battle ships of England arrayed before some of our fortifications, small and inadequate as they are, the gun-ners on those vessels would have a very broad target to aim at, for the vulnerable points are not known. "The laxity in the past in regard to the general public visiting the government's

osts of defense is now admitted to have

een a mistake. With the building of new

fortifications, and it is to be hoped that we

will have some in the near future, only

those persons who are busy with the con-

struction or who are stationed at the posts

the present time visitors are allowed to in-

spect many of the new batteries, and the

defenses more than on any one thing that the government would be obliged to rely in the event of a war in the near future. While the batteries might be silenced in a short time, there would be still this subtle, unseen enemy to deal with, an enemy not seen until felt, whose effects have been proved so terribly in the recent war in the

A SUBMARINE DEFENSE. "Work has steadily gone on in the de fenses of New York, Washington, at Fort Monroe, Philadelphia and other cities, and a comprehensive and reliable defense by East. means of submarine mines, planned with

great care, is being carried out. It is of whose details have been along the coast of this system of defense which the officials the United States in connection with its of the War Department do not care to talk, amazing story. All the world had heard | defenses, and now at the War Department, | for the location of these submarine mines, gave a representative of the Press some in- if known more than in a general way, teresting information in regard to the pol- | would make them absolutely useless. Suficy of this and other governments in rela- fice it to say, however, that at these imtion to the fortification of the coast and portant points the surface of the water is of which can be accurately determined by "The newspapers and the people of the instruments on shore, and the approach of a vessel or a fleet could be accurately followed and traced by the officers in charge. tion occupied by the vessel, and, by the

> "With this general statement the people of the United States may feel that while where the feeling between France and Germany is so intense and where this secresy is necessary, especially along the frontier. General Brialmont, several years ago, while writing his book, which is the leading authority on permanent fortifications, visited a certain French fortress for the purpose of getting some information in regard to the emplacements, armament and general plan. He was referred to the Minister of War for permission, which was refused on the ground that, if this information was pub-lished, it would be of inestimable advantage to the German government, the spies of which were always on the lookout for such FOREIGN SECRETS.

"General Brialmont was somewhat inncensed at what he considered needless red tape, and on the following day took the event of war they may be prepared to train for Berlin. He visited the German Minister of War and stated his mission geographical position of the United States | Minister of War and stated his mission. and from the policy formulated in the early | The Minister asked him to be seated, and, calling one of his secretaries, told him to go to a drawer in a certain tier and bring principles with respect to the powers in a set of maps of this fortress. This was Europe as they understand us. ure of making the notes for a French map in the office of the German Minister of War. last few years has been gradually be- The German Minister, before leaving the room, told the General to make himself entirely at home; that, of course, as the maps were the only ones in his possession he could not let them go out of the building, but that he was entirely privileged to make whatever use of them he saw fit it 'And, by the way, General,' was the Minister's parting speech, 'it might interest you to know that those are the original maps marine mines, which was once the property neer. The plans the French possess are only copies of these.'
"It appears that the maps had been smug gled to the German government by a woman

formerly in the employ of officers at the fort. This incident is only mentioned to show the feeling existing between the cou tries. Of course, it is to be expected that France has many German maps, and that should war again be declared between the two countries in almost every instance the plans of operation of the opposing generals would be based on an accurate knowledge of the vulnerable points of the fortress, both by attack, by assault and by shelling.
"While the officers of the English govern ment are as courteous as those of the United States in general in showing visitors from tain points where their rules in this regard will be aware of the actual conditions. At | are very strict. At Gibraitar, because of its workmen also contribute to the fund of and I presume it is true, that only three general information that the public pos- officers of the post are aware of the actual general information that the public pos-sesses. Notwithstanding all of these facts, the seacoast cities of the United States conditions at all parts of the post. While the seacoast cities of the United States visitors are shown through many of the have an elaborae system of defense, by means of submarine mines, work on which has been in operation for over five years, quired to visit these places. Other portions

which is calculated to give an opposing | are not visited by even the junior officers, fleet a warm reception should it attempt to Although not so stringent, they are almost pass the forbidden points. It is on these as careful at Halifax, no persons except those connected with the post being allowed inside its limits. "Such secrecy as this does not exist in the United States except in regard to the laying of submarine mines. The bureau of information of the War Department, the files of which are generally open to officers of the army, are closed to inquiries in this regard. Many letters are received at this bureau daily inquiring about the mines, but the requests are invariably refused, no one but the engineer officers in charge of the work and a few favored ones having an accurate knowledge of this plan for the de-

fense of the important seacoast cities of the

Banks Want Bonds.

Washington Special. Within the last few days national banks throughout the country have been notifying the Comptroller of the Currency of their intention to increase their circulation, which leads Mr. Eckels to the conclusion that a considerable percentage of the new bond issue will be employed by bankers as a basis for enlarged circulation. divided into numbers of plots, the location | One bank has notified him that it will want \$1,000,000 new notes and another names \$900,000 as its requisition. It looks as though the threatened storm of criticism that the administration intends to curtail circulation by locking up gold and greenbacks will be met by statistics going to prove that the increased national bank note cfrculation will practically offset the sum realized by the government from the sale of bonds. National bank circulation now aggregates \$212,000,000. In 1890 it got as low as \$123,000,-

000. It promises to jump \$50,000,000 during he next few months. Foundation for Liking Him. Pittsburg Dispatch. While the Republicans may not formerly

have loved Cleveland for the enemies he made, they are beginning to perceive the foundation for a liking for him, in the friends he has recently lost. Special Bath Room Tiles. Jno. M. Lilly.



about the little rascal, would she let him in? That's a question. Women are apt to look upon love and marriage as purely a matter of sentiment and affection. That is pretty nearly right; yet there is a practica side to it too; and the best way to preserve the ideal aspect of marriage and maternity is not to forget the practical part of it. A woman cannot be a thozoughly happy wife and mother unless the distinctive physical organism of her sex is in a healthy and vigorous condition. The best friend that woman ever had is the "Favorite Prescription," of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Phy-

man's heart he

disguise. Doesn't

want it known

what he's up to

If she knew all

usually comes in

sician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Prescription," is perfect and infallible remedy for every form of "female weakness." It cures by restoring health and strength to the internal organism, which cannot be reached by "local applications;" thus the cure is radi-

cal, complete and constitutional. Dr. Pierce's eminent reputation as a physician of wide learning; and his special knowledge of the delicate and intricate organism of women, accounts for the unparalleled confidence, which women place in his "Favorite Prescription," over every other remedy. Its use obviates the necesstereotyped "local treatments."
Dr. R. V. Pierce, Dear Sir :- I suffered fourteen years with female weakness, nervousness, and general debility, trying everything I could find

to help me - all to no avail. I then heard of Dr. Pierce's medicines and although I was thoroughly discouraged, I thought I would try once more to find relief. I look your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription," and toe great praise cannot be given for the rapid relief they gave me. I am now free from the former Very sincerely yours,